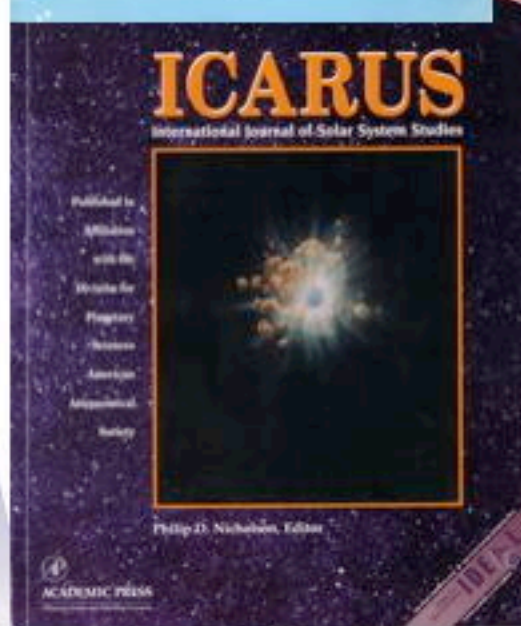
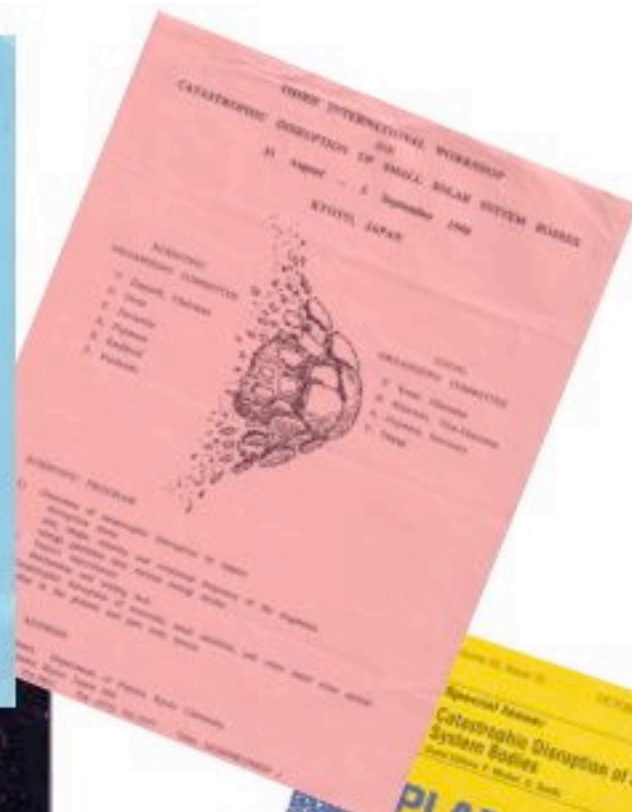


CATASTROPHIC DISRUPTION 2007

CD Workshops: Why??

SPECIFIC GOALS

- Cratering community had well developed scaling laws; extend to CD.
- Define needed experiments.
- Bring in meteoriticists, observers etc.









PROGRESS TOWARD CD GOALS

- SCALING AND MODELING: Very active community now; good progress.
- EXPERIMENTS: Steady level of experiments; validation of scaling (Housen). Need tests for porous bodies.
- OBSERVERS ETC: Much broader range of participants.

A FEW MEETING HIGHLIGHTS

- Using spectra to identify families (Bus, KB family).
- Dynamical chronometry (Bottke et al).
- Binary Stability States (Scheeres).
- Expanding power of computers and codes.

A FEW MEETING HIGHLIGHTS

- The first confirmed rubble pile (Cheng et al, O'Brien). Diversity.
- Vast increase in data on binaries, physical properties.
- Asteroid tomography -
REALLY learn about rubble pile.
- Power of Arecibo for asteroid studies

EXPERIMENTS

- Interest in porous, layered and ice targets.
- BUT, a major purpose of lab experiments is to validate codes.
We need to do a better job of measuring material needed by the hydrocodes.

HYDROCODES AND SCALING LAWS

- Powerful tools for understanding collisional and dynamical processes.
- Caveat pointed out by Benz
- Comprehensive collisional outcome algorithm.

ASTEROID SCIENCE

- Much progress in understanding relevant physics; eg, Yark, YORP.
- Vast increase in data, with the real deluge about to begin with Pan-STARRS.
- New paradigms for asteroid evolution.

SO, WHAT WILL CD08 BRING?

- A million or more known asteroids.
- Colors for several hundred thousand asteroids.
- Spectra and light curves for many tens of thousands asteroids.

SO, WHAT WILL CD08 BRING?

- Looking at asteroids by mass instead of numbers; we already have a variety of data on >95% of the mass of the asteroid belt. So, is adding data on a few more % going to provide breakthroughs?

SO, WHAT WILL CD08 BRING?

- Really determine the size-frequency distribution of small asteroids.
- Expand number of families.
- See collisions in near “real time”.

UNRESOLVED PROBLEMS

- The Vesta-Psyche dilemma.
- The “Great Dunitite Shortage” and where are the iron parent bodies?
- Why are there no differentiated families?
- Does seismic shaking work on rubble piles?

UNRESOLVED PROBLEMS (CONT'D)

- What is the distribution of asteroid structures for different sizes - competent, fractured, rubble piles?
- What is the strength-gravity transition size for different structures?

"We know a lot less about asteroids
than we did ten years ago."

(But that means we will all keep busy for some time..)

Thank you..

Holsapple SRGM Model"

The Equations:

Hoek Brown (Static Only)	Strain-Rate Geological Model
$\frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_3}{\sigma_c} = \left(m_b \frac{\sigma_3}{\sigma_c} + s \right)^a$ $m_b = m_i e^{\frac{GSI-100}{28-14D}}$ $s = e^{\frac{GSI-100}{9-3D}}$ $a = 0.5 + \frac{1}{6} \left(e^{\frac{-GSI}{15}} - e^{\frac{-20}{3}} \right)$ <p>(2 parameter, m_i, GSI)</p>	$\frac{Y_{nf}}{\sigma_c} = A \left(\frac{P}{\sigma_c} - \frac{P_T}{\sigma_c} (\dot{\epsilon}^p)^\alpha \right)^n f(\epsilon^p) h[\bar{T}(\rho)]$ <p>Rate effect</p> $\frac{Y_f}{\sigma_c} = B \left(\frac{P}{\sigma_c} \right)^m f(\epsilon^p) h[\bar{T}(\rho)]$ <p>Thermo effect</p> $G = \rho c^2 \left(\frac{3(1-2\nu)}{2(1+\nu)} \right) h[\bar{T}(\rho)] \left(1 - \frac{D}{2} \right)$ <p>Damage Interpolation Modulus degrades</p> $Y = (1-D)Y_{nf} + DY_f$ <p>Damage Accumulation</p> $\dot{D} = \frac{\dot{\epsilon}^p}{\epsilon_f^p}$ $\epsilon_f^p = D_1 \left(\frac{P}{\sigma_c} - \frac{P_T}{\sigma_c} (\dot{\epsilon}^p)^\alpha \right)^{D_2} h[\bar{T}(\rho)]$ <p>Failure plastic strain depends on pressure</p> $h(\theta) = 1 - (\bar{\theta})^\beta$ <p>General melt effect</p> $T_m = T_{mo} + \frac{\rho}{\rho_{HEL}} (T_{mh} - T_{mo})$ $\bar{T}(\rho) = \frac{T - T_0}{T_m - T_0}$

**“ PROBLEMS WORTHY OF
ATTACK, PROVE THEIR
WORTH BY HITTING BACK”**

Piet Hein, Grooks