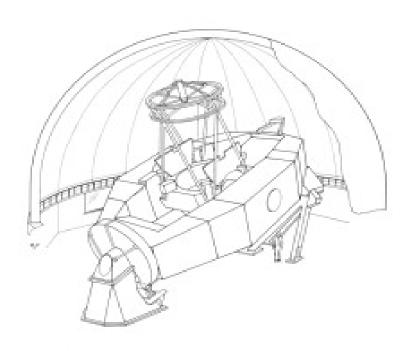
Focus Collimation Tool User's Manual

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NASA Infrared Telescope Facility Institute for Astronomy University of Hawaii 2680 Woodlawn Drive Honolulu, Hawaii 96922

IRTFweb.ifa.hawaii.edu

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1. Introduction

The focus Collimation Tool (FCT) is an IDL application to assist the Telescope Operators with the focusing of the Telescope.

2. Starting FCT

The user account, fct, is used to run the FCT.

A vnc session on stefan:10 should exists using the fct user account. These instruction show how to connect to the vnc session and start the FCT application.

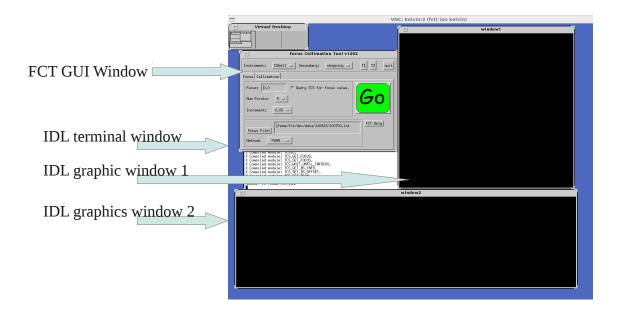
- 1. Connect the fct vnc sesstion \$ vncviewer stefan:10
- 2. Start a terminal window in the vnc session
- 3. Start IDL and FCT in the terminal window (bold letter are typed by the user)

start_fct

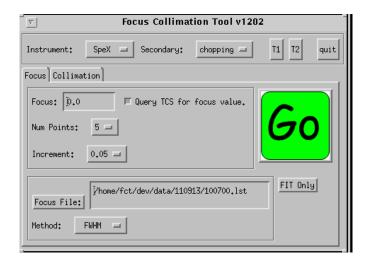
or run from idl: % idl IDL> @fcts

4. The application can be left running the VNC session.

At this point you should see this in the VNC session:



3. Focus Procedures



- 1. Insure the focus tab is selection. And bring up the VNC sesstion of the instrument used.
- 2. Inspect the input parameters

Instrument: Select the instrument used. **Secondary: S**elect the telescope secondary

Focus: Enter the center for focus in the text widget, or check the "Query TCS for Focus value" to have FCT query the TCS for the center of focus.

Num of Points – Number of Focus data points (images) to take.

Increment: Focus increment between each point.

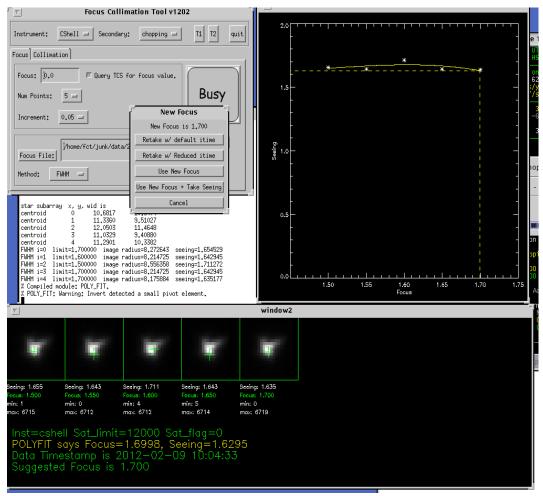
Method: The focus algorithum to be used. The IRTF stardard is 'FWHM'

- 3. Select GO.
- 4. Monitor the FCT GUI and instrument GUI to insure the data taken correctly.
- 5. After data is taken, you are asked to click on the center and outside of the star. This identifies the sub array in which the focus fit will take place:



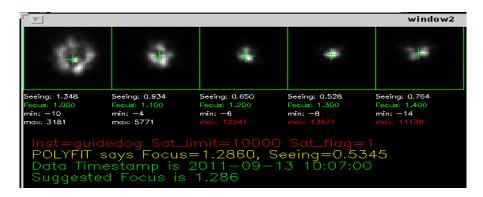
Use the right button to click in the center, and then just off the side of the star.

6. After the fits is done, you will see:



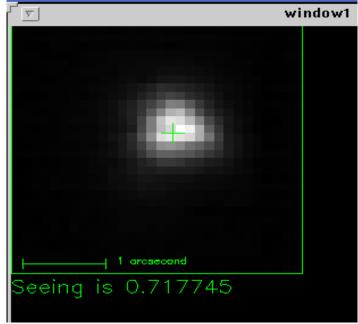
Window1 shows the seeing measurement (white) and the Fit (yellow) Window 2 shows the sub images with it's seeing and focus values. The POLYFIT results, time stamp, and suggested focus is displayed.

Note: If any of the images are saturation, the max value and Sat_limit line will show red, as such. The star is too bright for the standard itime. You can just go with the data, retake the data with reduced itime, or find a more appropriate star. There is an example of window2 show saturated images.



7. The "New Focus" Dialog box provide you with 4 choices

- 1. Retake Data w/ default itime Re do the image acquisitionthe the standard itime and fit.
- 2. <u>Retake Data w/ Reduced itime</u> -Re-do the image acquisition with half the standar itime and fit.
- 3. <u>Use New Focus</u> Move TCS to Suggested Focus and Stop
- 4. <u>Use New Focus & Take Seeing</u> Move TCS to Suggested Focus and take a seeing image and measurement. This seeing measurement is archived.
- 5. Cancel Stop the focus routine.
- 8. If you select '<u>Use New Focus & Take Seeing</u>', the FCT will take another image. Using a Gaussian fit, a seeing measurement is provided:



This seeing values provide by the Gaussian fit algorithm should be recorded in the trouble log.

9. You are done.

4. Focus File Button

On the focus Tab, the focus file button allow you to read and do FITS on previous taken data. Clicking on the **Focus File:** button will bring up a file selection dialog box. Select a FCT .lst file. The select the **FIT Only** button to run the Focus Fit procedures.

Appendix A – Focus Fit file.

The focus procedures image acquisiton produces a .lst file providing information on the data set taken. This is a text file. It format can be illustrated by looking an an example:

```
obj 100433-0002.a 1.500000
obj 100433-0003.a 1.550000
obj 100433-0004.a 1.600000
obj 100433-0005.a 1.650000
obj 100433-0006.a 1.700000
sky 100433-0001.a
timestamp 1328817873
```

Each like has a format of a keywork, followed by 1 or more data field. The fields are delimited by spaces.

The '**obj**' keywork identifies the object data files. 2 field are provided: the name of the FITS file, then the focus value.

The '**sky**' keyword identifies the sky data file. On the line, the name of the FITS file, is provided.

The 'timestamp' keywork provides the time of the data acquisition. The time is formatted as unix seconds.

Appendix B – FCT SQL Table

The taking data, the fct application save the time, seeing value, focus, sat_flag, and instrument name in the irttf sql database. The follow script (in ~fct/current) describes the database fields, and shows some sample data:

```
#!/bin/sh
# mysql_seeing_show.sh
# show the seeing table data.
# examples:
       "mysql_seeing_show.sh
mysql --host=irtfweb.ifa.hawaii.edu --user=irtf --password='XXXXX' -t <<STOP</pre>
SHOW tables:
DESCRIBE seeing;
#SELECT from_unixtime(tv_sec), tv_sec, seeing, focus from seeing order by tv_sec limit 100;
# 86400 is 1 day
# 604800 is 7 days
# 2592000 is 30 days
# 15768000 is 6 months
# 31536000 is 1 year
SELECT from unixtime(tv sec), tv sec, seeing, focus, sat flag, instr FROM seeing
   WHERE tv_sec > (UNIX_TIMESTAMP()-86400)
        ORDER BY tv sec
p/
STOP
```

Sample output is:

